

Dypsis lutescens

Genus: Dypsis
Family: Arecaceae
Order: Arecales
Class: Liliopsida
Phylum: Magnoliophyta

Key Facts:

Toxicity: Non-toxic to humans and pets.
Invasiveness: Not considered invasive in most areas.
Plant Type: Evergreen palm.
Lifespan: Can live for several decades with proper care.

Characteristics:

Plant Height: Typically grows up to 6-12 feet indoors, can reach up to 20-30 feet outdoors.
Spread: Can spread up to 5-10 feet.
Leaf Color: Bright green.
Bloom Time: Blooms intermittently throughout the year.
Flower Size: Small, inconspicuous flowers.
Flower Color: Creamy white to pale yellow.



Distribution:

Origin: Native to Madagascar.

Habitat: Found in tropical rainforests, often found growing in the understory.

Care:

Difficulty: Easy to moderate.

Toughness: Fairly resilient once established.

Maintenance: Low maintenance.

Watering: Keep soil consistently moist but not waterlogged. Water more sparingly in winter.

Pruning: Remove dead or damaged fronds as needed.

Propagation: Can be propagated from seeds or by division.

Repotting: Repot every 2-3 years or when the plant outgrows its container.

Conditions:

Temperature: Thrives in temperatures between 18-27°C.

Hardiness Zone: USDA Zones 9-11.

Sun Requirements: Prefers bright, indirect light. Can tolerate some direct sunlight.

Soil Type: Well-draining, rich soil.

Use: Ideal for indoor decoration, tropical landscaping, and container planting.

Location: Thrives in warm, humid climates with bright, indirect light to full sun.

Pests and Diseases: Susceptible to spider mites, scale insects, and fungal diseases if overwatered.

